

GAS EXPLOSION IN MINE KILLS ONE HUNDRED MEN

Starkville, Colorado, the Scene of a Terrible Catastrophe, Reported to Have Occurred at 10:50 O'Clock Last Night.

OFFICIALS FEAR ALL AVENUES OF ESCAPE HAVE BEEN SHUT OFF

Relief Parties Rush to Scene of Disaster—Details of the Loss of Life Lacking—Most of Victims Are Americans.

TRINIDAD, Colo., Oct. 8.—Between 50 and 125 men are entombed in the Starkville mine, eight miles from here, the result of an explosion which occurred at 10:50 o'clock tonight. The explosion practically destroyed the old slope of the mine and the new slope is so thoroughly filled with gas and black damp that entrance of rescue parties by this route is impossible.

Hope for Entombed Men.

There is hope for the entombed miners, however, from the fact that the Engleville mine is connected with the Starkville mine through underground workings, and only a heavy board partition separates them.

The two mines run together several months ago in the process of operation and the point of contact between the two main slopes was partitioned off. The presence of gas and black damp in the new slope, the only one remaining open, gives rise to fears that the whole mine is filled with the deadly gas and afterdark, and that the men could not have had time to reach the partition dividing the two mines before being overcome, as the gas must have filled the mine before finding an outlet through the new slope.

Rescue Parties Rush to Scene.

Hundreds of men from neighboring camps and from this city, together with the physicians and nurses, were hurried to the scene of the disaster, and District Superintendent J. T. Thompson of the Colorado Fuel & Iron company, assisted by Joseph Wilson, superintendent of the Starkville mine, have taken charge of the rescue work and will lead rescue parties into the mine as soon as it is safe to do so. The Starkville mine has not been working a night shift until recently, when the demand for its output became so heavy that the day shifts could not meet it. Then a night shift, usually consisting of about 100 men, was put to work.

Cannot Ascertain Number of Victims.

It is difficult to say just how many men were working when the explosion occurred because they are allowed to use their own will as to working at night. The day force consists of about 400, many of whom go into the mine at night to make the extra time.

Telephonic communication from Starkville late tonight is to the effect that the old slope is in ruins. The debris at the mouth of this slope had been cleared away for a distance of 40 feet and indications were that the slope was filled.

Mine Is Property of Foreign Birth.

While practically all the miners working in the Starkville mine are of foreign birth, many have been in this country for 20 or 25 years, and a large portion of them have been working in the Starkville mine ever since they began operations in 1892.

The mine is the property of the Santa Fe railroad, but is operated by the Colorado Fuel & Iron company.

TRINIDAD, Colo., Oct. 9.—One hundred men, nearly all Americans, are reported killed in the Colorado Fuel & Iron company's mine at Starkville, several miles south of here, by an explosion reported to have occurred at 10:50 tonight.

The explosion, according to first reports, was caused by an accumulation of gas. Immediately upon receipt of the first report a special train was made up here carrying doctors, nurses

BALLOONIST FALLS ONE HUNDRED FEET

Rope of Parachute Breaks When He Is Making His Ascent.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Oct. 8.—While making an ascent in a balloon at Easton, Mo., a short distance east of St. Joseph, John Richard of Elwood, Kan., fell 100 feet when the rope holding the parachute to the balloon broke.

A telephone wire broke his fall, but the lower part of his body was completely paralyzed and he was internally hurt. He is in a precarious condition.

This was his first serious accident in thirteen years' experience as a balloonist.

CHICAGO AGAIN DEFEATED

TOKYO, Oct. 8.—The university of Chicago baseball team defeated Waseda university today for the second time by a score of 5 to 0.

Makes Successful Aeroplane Flight

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 8.—Arch Hoxsey, in a Wright biplane, flew from Springfield, Ill., to the country club grounds at Clayton, St. Louis county, today and established an American sustained flight record in an aeroplane by covering 104 miles as estimated by him.

His objective landing place was the Aviation Field at Kinloch Park, but because of falling to find the grounds, he descended five miles away. He alighted on the aviation field at 3:27 p. m. His time in the air was three hours and 22 minutes. For 57 minutes Hoxsey tried in vain to find the field.

Could Not Find Landing Place.

After leaving Springfield at 11:55 o'clock this morning he maintained an altitude of six hundred feet, until wind gusts forced him to rise six hundred feet higher. He flew in the 1,200 foot level the remainder of the trip. The special train which was to

PORTUGAL PAST THROES OF REVOLUTION KING MANUEL IS NOW IN GIBRALTAR



LISBON, Portugal, Oct. 8.—The revolution which has now subsided in Portugal, which has been brewing ever since Manuel ascended the throne, is undermined with anarchy. Manuel has never for an instant been permitted to forget the terrible tragedy of Feb. 1, 1908, when his father, King Carlos, and his elder brother were assassinated and he himself nearly suffered the same fate. Plot after plot has been unearthed that had his death for its purpose. Almost nightly arrests of armed men sneaking around the Necessidades palace have been made. Even the Vatican has been able to warn Manuel of plots against his life and as recently as last May gave information which showed that the bomb that killed the anarchist J. J. J. in Madrid had been undoubtedly intended for the youthful sovereign of Portugal. Side by side with the anarchist is the possible almost grave trouble of the secret revolutionary societies, which seek not so much the life of the king only, but the overthrow of the state. Nearly all these societies are headed together, and they flourish not merely in the cities, but in the countryside and extend also to the armed forces. These societies have for their object the establishment of a republican form of government, and many of them have in their membership men of note, influence and high respectability, who have no share in thoughts of assassination. But others have their bomb factories. Several of them have been found. Manuel has been king for two years and seven months, and it is doubtful if he has known a single moment of peace even when he has been away from his own country searching for a sweetheart to be his queen. In England his look of terror

ROOSEVELT ADDRESSES GEORGIANS

Praises the Work of Joel Chandler Harris, Author of Uncle Remus Stories.

TEDDY RECEIVES SOUTHERN WELCOME

Ex-President Talks to the Poor Mountain Boys and Girls.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 8.—Theodore Roosevelt came into Georgia today and found a warm welcome. He was greeted at Atlanta by crowds which blocked the streets, headless of the rain, and cheered him. He rode at the head of a parade. Earlier in the day he spent several hours at Rome Ga., inspecting the Martha Berry school for poor mountain boys and girls and in speaking to another crowd.

Colonel Roosevelt made three speeches in Atlanta. His first was at the Southern Conservation congress. He urged the people of the South to take care of their natural wealth and said that if the country's resources should fall into the hands of a monopoly, the people would revolt.

At Uncle Remus Celebration.

After taking dinner with Mayor Maddox, he spoke at the Uncle Remus day celebration, which is being held to raise a fund to purchase the home of the late Joel Chandler Harris, author of the Uncle Remus stories, and preserve it as a memorial to his work. After speaking of the achievements of Harris, Colonel Roosevelt talked on new nationalisms. He talked to the negroes of Atlanta in a negro church.

The auditorium was only half filled when Colonel Roosevelt delivered his address on conservation for education had been denied to the public, only holders of tickets being permitted to enter the building.

TRAIN JUMPS TRACK

Chicago & Alton Passenger Train Leaves the Track Near Jerseyville.

FOURTEEN PERSONS SERIOUSLY INJURED

Relief Trains Hastening to the Scene of the Wreck From St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 8.—Fourteen persons were injured, many of them seriously and some fatally, tonight when Chicago & Alton train No. 39 from St. Louis to Jacksonville, Ill., jumped the track two miles south of Jerseyville.

Split rails are supposed to have caused the wreck.

Most of the injured are from St. Louis. A relief train was sent out from St. Louis.

PRIZE FOR FLIGHT OF AEROPLANE

W. R. Hearst Offers \$50,000 to Aviator Who Flies From Atlantic to Pacific.

DOES NOT NEED TO BE A RACE

Machines Must Be Heavier Than Air—Trip To Be Made in Thirty Days.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—William R. Hearst offers \$50,000 for a flight in a heavier than air machine from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast. This announcement will appear in the New York American tomorrow.

"Mr. Hearst offers a special prize of \$50,000 to any aviator who within one year flies from the Atlantic seaboard at Boston or New York to the Pacific coast at Los Angeles or San Francisco, or reversing the direction from the Pacific to the Atlantic coast, starting and finishing at either of the cities named.

Open to All Aviators.

"The contestants may be American or foreign and may use any type or make of self-propelled aeroplane that is heavier than air, not dirigible balloon. He may choose his own time, season and route, but including Chicago on the way; he may stop where and as often as he pleases and make any necessary repairs and replacements of parts of his machine, but the flight must be accomplished within thirty days from the start.

Does Not Need Be a Race.

"It is not necessary that this shall be a race. If only one contestant for the prize appears and achieves the flight the prize of \$50,000 will be paid; if more than two contestants start, the one that accomplishes the feat first will be awarded the prize. There are no other conditions."

DEITZ GIVES HIMSELF UP TO THE POSSE

Dramatic Scene When the Defender of Cameron Dam Surrenders to the Sheriff.

LITTLE DAUGHTER ACTS AS PEACE EMISARY

One Man Is Dead and Four Receive Painful Injuries During the Siege.

WINTER, Wis., Oct. 8.—"If papa comes out, will you promise not to shoot him? He is shot through the hand and wants to surrender."

These words, spoken to Sheriff Mike Madden at the edge of the clearing surrounding the beleaguered home of little Helen, youngest daughter of John F. Deitz, brought to an end this afternoon the stubborn resistance of the man whose stand for the last six years against what he considered injustice has been of widespread interest.

The surrender did not come without death and bloodshed. One man is dead, three men and a woman are wounded, and much property has been destroyed.

The Dead and Injured.

The dead: OSCAR HARP, 35, deputy sheriff.

The injured: John F. Deitz, 49, defender of Cameron Dam; shot through the hand.

Chet Colepich, 35, deputy sheriff; right ear shot off.

Clarence Deitz, shot through arm.

Myra Deitz, shot through the body; will recover.

The last two named are children of John Deitz, and were shot last week by deputies.

Found With Bullet Hole in Head.

Harp was found on a hill behind the Deitz cabin with a bullet hole in his head. He, with Mont Wiley, Thomas Pomeroy and William Rankin, all deputies, had tried to crawl to a place of vantage in the lumber piles near the Deitz farm, when a bullet caught him. According to Wiley, three bullets whistled through the air at about the same time, and one of them struck Harp. The other deputies retreated. Deitz was wounded while running from the barn during the afternoon, when a bullet went through a crack and passed through his left hand.

Surrender Was Dramatic.

Deitz denied that the wound caused him to surrender. To Father Joseph Pilon, a priest who aided in bringing the long drawn out contest to a close, he whispered that a baby was about to be born to his wife and he feared that both she and the infant might die.

The surrender of Deitz was dramatic. The alert lumbermen, leaning on their rifles at the edge of the clearing, and gazing intently at the log cabin, suddenly saw the fluttering of a white handkerchief at the door. Then little Helen appeared, advancing with the cloth over her head, walked to the edge of the clearing, where she announced that her father was willing to surrender.

Priest Goes to Cabin.

A short consultation followed between the sheriff and his deputies, and Deputy Heffelfinger volunteered to go back with the girl. In the meantime Father Pilon, a priest, in his eagerness to bring the combat to an end, had started running toward the cabin.

He waved a handkerchief as he ran and unhesitatingly entered the door. When Helen and Heffelfinger got half to the cabin they met the priest returning. He did not stop, but hurried on to meet the sheriff.

Wanted to Talk With Newspaper Men.

"Deitz will surrender," said the priest, "but he wants a doctor to dress his wounds and he desires to talk with the newspaper men."

The sheriff said:

"If he wants to surrender let him come out with his hands over his head."

Sheriff Madden refused to go to the cabin and kept behind a tree. Deputy Thornbush, Sully, Heffelfinger and Dr. D. G. F. Gratton of Hayward went to the cabin, dressed Deitz's

BRITISH FLAG CHECKS THE TROOP'S FIRE

Portugal's Republican Soldiers Fired Upon From a Jesuit Monastery.

WHEN ANSWER FIRE THE ENGLISH ENSIGN APPEARS

People Quietly Receive Proclamation of the New Republic.

LISBON, Oct. 8.—The proclamation of the republic of Portugal is being received by the people generally in a matter of fact way. While order has been in a measure restored, the fear still prevails that the attacks against the religious establishments may become general. The most marked feature of the situation now is resentment shown by a portion of the population against the clergy. Last night Republican troops attacked the Jesuit monastery in the Rua do Quelhas after they had been fired upon from the windows.

One Priest Was Killed.

One priest was killed and the others were placed under arrest. The hoisting of the British flag over the building had the effect of checking the fire of the troops.

Armed bands have descended upon the houses of various officials closely affiliated with the monarchy, but the houses were found empty and the property was not damaged.

Details of police have been sent out to guard property. The government has granted amnesty in the case of all political crimes and has revived a former law increasing the liberty of the press. It has changed the old oath to the form of a mere promise on the part of officials "to accomplish their duties on their honor."

Ten Days to Settle Legal Affairs.

An extension of ten days has been granted for the settlement of pending legal affairs.

One of the most interesting features in the new regime will be the lineup of the different parties in the constituent assembly. All the old political groupings have disappeared. A majority of the old party organs, representing the Conservatives, the Progressives and the Regenerators have suspended issue.

Revolutionists Rebuffed.

A band of revolutionary adherents today sought to enter the college of the Portuguese missions at Leturia, which is also the residence of the papal nuncio and under pretense that arms were hidden there. The nuncio ran up the papal flag and refused to allow the men to enter the building.

The mayor dissuaded the insurgents from making an attack but finally the nuncio consented to admit a small number. They left after a fruitless search.

Will Not Reply to Note.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—No reply will be sent to the identical note sent by the provisional republican government of Portugal to the United States asking that other powers until the strength of the Graga regime is ascertained.

YACHT WILL RETURN TO LISBON TODAY.

GIBRALTAR, Oct. 8.—It is reported that the royal yacht America will return to Lisbon tomorrow. King Manuel, the queen mother Emelie, the dowager queen and the duke of Oporto, however, will remain as the guests of the government at the governor's cottage at Europa Point.

The yacht is the property of the Portuguese government, and the crew consists largely of fishermen who were hastily impressed for the voyage.

The members of the royal family will attend mid-day mass at St. Mary's church tomorrow. An Italian warship is expected to arrive here at an early date to take the dowager queen and the infant Alfonso to Italy.

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Politicians Are Leaving Mexico

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Oct. 8.—A general exodus into the United States and Europe of those opposing the election of President Diaz of Mexico is in progress. Besides Francisco Madero, the presidential candidate in opposition to President Diaz at the recent election, three of those known as leaders of the so-called anti-electoralists faction have arrived here. None of them, it is said, will return to Mexico.

Manuel Cardenas, deposed as governor of the state of Coahuila, after service extending over sixteen years, will make his home here. Another, Congressman Ignacio M. Luchichi, it is said will locate in St. Louis and will be joined by Congressman Benito Juarez, who is en route to Washington to attend the International Humanitarian congress.

Cardenas was the chief lieutenant of General Rafael Reyes in his effort to succeed to the vice presidency. General Reyes has left Mexico for Europe.